(d) The Central India Coal Company is required to sell all its mined coal to its captive user namely, the Bhadrawati Power Plant. The Central India Coal Company has sought permission to sell coal which may not be purchased by Bhadrawati Power Company to the Maharashtra State Electricity Board. No decision on this request has so far been taken.

Identifying subsidence prone area in Raniganj Coalfield

2033. SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether an Apex Monitoring Committee (AMC) was constituted jointly by Coal India Ltd. and Government of West Bengal to identify subsidence prone area in Raniganj Coalfield;

(b) whether AMC had identified unsafe localities; if yes, the list of such localities and total population likely to be affected.

(c) areas identified for stabilisation work on priority basis;

(d) whether any global search has been made for identifying appropriate technology for stabilisation work; and

(e) fund required for stabilisation work and the action plan to execute the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Apex Monitoring Committee (AMC) have identified 70 unsafe localities in the Raniganj Coalfields, 49 in June, 1992 and 21 in September, 1995. A list of these localities is given in the Statement I and II. (See below). The total population likely to be affected has been estimated as 1.59 lakhs (as per census report of 1991).

(c) The areas identified for stabilisation on priority basis are given in the Statement-III. (See below).

(d) Global search was made for appropriate and proven technology for stabilisation of old water-logged inaccessible and unstable workings. However, no positive response could be obtained.

(e) The stabilisation programme alongwith requirement of fund, source of fund and the implementing mechanism is under process of formulation by a "High Powered Committee" comprising Secretary (Coal) as the Chairman and representatives of Planning Commission, Ministry of Labour, Govt. of West Bengal and Bihar, Director General of Mines Safety, Coal India Limited, Central Mine Planning and Design Institute and Bharat Coking Coal Limited as members.

Meanwhile, stabilisation working in five localities has already been taken up by Eastern Coalfields Limited (ECL) with the financial assistance from Ministry of Coal.

Statement-I

Areas examined by Apex Monitoring Committee

Sl. No.	Location
1.	*Shankarpur village
2.	Haripur village
3.	*Sikarpur Basti
4.	Dhangarpatti
5.	*Bahula Moti Bazar
6.	Palasben village
7.	Kuldanga village
8.	Kenda village
9.	Santhal Basti (Belbaid)
10.	Bhasal village
11.	Kumarbazar (Raniganj Towwn)
12.	Pararbandh (Raniganj Town)
13.	*Tapasi village
14.	Pottary area (Raniganj Town)
15.	Arun Talkies (Raniganj Town)
16.	Gawala Bastee (Raniganj Town)

*No apparent danger according to AMC.

Sl. No.	Location
17.	Hurmadanga village
18.	Old Egara village
19.	*Santhal Basti (Jemehari)
20.	Nandi village
21.	Jamuria village
22.	Jamuria Bazar
23.	Shibpur village
24.	Chattimdanga
25.	Kumardiha village
26.	Bhutdoba
27.	Balirambagan
28.	H.P.G.
29.	Ushagram village
30.	Reckitt Colman
31.	Borachak village
32.	*Raghunathbati village/Santhal Bastee
33.	Fatepur village
34.	Narsamuda village
35.	*Belrui village
36.	Bonbiddi village
37.	*Aldih village
38.	Aluthia/Bharatchak village
39.	*Balsukh Ceramic Works
40.	*Radhanagar village
41.	Chettadhema village
42.	Kendua Bazar
43.	Pankiar
44.	*Seetalpur village
45.	Sanctoria village
46.	Jonkpura village
47.	Falsadanga
48.	Begunia village
49.	Barakar Town

Statement-II

Additional 21 unsafe localities

50.	Pariharpur village
51.	Bhanora village, Khas Kuthi & D.B. Road from Bhanora to Baraboni
52.	Majiara village
53.	Satpukuria village Rampur Bastee Keshab Para Bastee
54.	Baraboni village
55.	Charanpur village
56.	Singha Bahini Bastee
57.	14 Nos. Bastee between Kalipahari feeder road and Salma dyka
58.	Ponja workshop & Sheebpur power station
59.	Sripur village market, Munshibad Bastee, village school, two Bastees on either side of IOC pipeline, Nazirpara & Pathardanga Bastee
60.	Bonbistupur village
61.	Upper Dhawra
62.	Joba village
63.	Bogra village & Bograchatti
64.	Vivekananda school, Govt. colony
65.	Santhal Bastee near Borla village
66.	Chalbalpur village
67.	Jayasree Ceramics
68.	Bauri Para
69.	Harishpur village
70.	Refugee Bastee

*No apparent danger according to AMC.

Statement-III

Priority list for stabilisation

Sl. No.	Town/Village
1.	Arun Talkies
2.	Kumarbazar
3.	Fatepur
4.	Borachak
5.	Haripur village
6.	Palasbon village
7.	Dhangarpatti
8.	Porarband
9.	Pottary Area
10.	Dhasal Basti
11.	Kenda village
12.	Chattimdanga
13.	Bhutdoba
14.	Sheebpur village
15.	Dhadka Reckit Colman
16.	Sanctoria village
17.	Alluthia/Bharatchak
18.	Begunia (B.C.C.L.)
19.	Jonakpur (B.C.C.L.)

Steping up of coal production

2034. SHRI J. CHITHARANJAN: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) the steps being taken in the coal sector to step up coal production, reduce slippages and remove bottlenecks in supply; and

(b) whether there is any mechanism to monitor the progress?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) Steps taken to augment coal production includes opening of new mines & increased efficiency and productivity in existing mines by modernisation, application of technologies and ensuring timely availability of inputs and infrastructural facilities.

The performance of coal sector is also monitored regularly by the coal companies/Government to reduce slippages and remove bottlenecks in order to enable the coal company to achieve the target of despatches set for them.

(b) The performance of coal sector is regularly reviewed internally by the Ministry of Coal and by the Consultative Committee and Standing Committee of Parliament.

Fuel risk for domestic coal to be supplied to thermal power projects

2035. SHRI SATISH AGARWAL: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry have agreed to accept fuel risk for domestic coal to be supplied to some of the proposed thermal power projects in India;

(b) if so, the names of the projects for which fuel risk has been accepted; and

(c) the nature of fuel risk accepted and the damages/compensation payable by the coal companies for non-performance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) and (b) Yes Sir, Government has recently taken a decision to accept fuel interruption risk for supply of coal to Vishakhapatnam TPS being set up by M/s. Hinduja National Power Corporation Ltd.

(c) CIL is in the process of preparing a legally enforceable Coal Supply and Transport contract for supply of coal to the above mentioned power project. The contract will incorporate the following principles:

(1) That in the event coal supply is less than what is required by the power